SYNTHETIC VITREOUS FIBERS 187

## 8. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

The international, national, and state regulations and guidelines regarding synthetic vitreous fibers in air, water, and other media are summarized in Table 8-1.

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Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Synthetic Vitreous Fibers

Agency	Description	Information	References
INTERNATIONAL Guidelines:			
IARC	Carcinogenicity classification		
	Insulation glass wool, rock (stone) wool, slag wool, and continuous filament glass	Group 3 <sup>a</sup>	IARC 2001
	Refractory ceramic fibers and certain special-purpose glass wools not used as insulating materials	Group 2B <sup>b</sup>	IARC 2001
NATIONAL Regulations and Guidelines:			
a. Air			
ACGIH	TLV (8-hour TWA)		
	Synthetic vitreous fibers Continuous filament glass fibers, glass wool fibers, rock wool fibers, slag wool fibers, special purpose glass fibers	1.0 fibers/cc <sup>c</sup>	ACGIH 2001
	Continuous filament glass (inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Refractory ceramic fibers	0.2 fibers/cc <sup>c</sup>	
NIOSH	REL (10-hour TWA)		
	Fibrous glass dust (fiber glas®, fiberglass, glass fibers, and glass wool); fibers #3.5 μm in diameter and \$10 μm in length)	3 fibers/cc	NIOSH 1992
	Total fibrous glass dust	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Refractory ceramic fibers	No data	NIOSH 1992

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Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Synthetic Vitreous Fibers (continued)

Agency	Description	Information	References
NATIONAL (cont.)			
OSHA	PEL (8-hour TWA)		
	Fiberglass and mineral wool (glass wool, rock wool, and slag wool)	1.0 fiber/cc <i>voluntary</i>	OSHA 1999
	Synthetic vitreous fibers as an inert or nuisance dust Respirable fraction Total dust	5 mg/m³ 15 mg/m³	OSHA 2001b
b. Water	No data		
c. Food	No data		
d. Other			
ACGIH	Carcinogenicity classification		
	Synthetic vitreous fibers Continuous filament glass fibers (respirable fibers and inhalable fraction)	Group A4 <sup>d</sup>	ACGIH 2001
	Glass wool fibers, rock wool fibers, slag wool fibers, and special purpose glass fibers	Group A3 <sup>e</sup>	
	Refractory ceramic fibers	Group A2 <sup>f</sup>	
EPA	Carcinogenicity classification		
	Glass wool, continuous filament glass, rock wool, and slag wool	No data	IRIS 2002
	Refractory ceramic fibers Inhalation unit risk Oral slope factor	Group B2 <sup>9</sup> No data No data	IRIS 2002
NTP	Carcinogenicity classification		
	Glass wool (respirable size)	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen	NTP 1998
	Continuous filament glass, rock wool, slag wool, and refractory ceramic fibers	No data <sup>h</sup>	NTP 2001

## Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Synthetic Vitreous Fibers (continued)

8. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

Agency	Description	Information	References
STATE Regulations and Guidelines:			
a. Air		No data	
b. Water		No data	
c. Food		No data	
d. Other		No data	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Group 3: not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans, based on inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and inadequate or limited evidence in experimental animals

exposure limit; TLV = threshold limit value; TWA = time-weighted average

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System; NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = permissible exposure limit; REL = recommended

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Group 2B: possibly carcinogenic to humans, based on limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and less than sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals

<sup>°</sup>Respirable fibers: length >5 µm; aspect ratio \$3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400–450X magnification (4-mm objective), using phase-contrast illumination.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Group A4: not classifiable as a human carcinogen

<sup>°</sup>Group A3: confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

Group A2: suspected human carcinogen, based on limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals with relevance to humans

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Group B2: probable human carcinogen, based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animals

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>h</sup>Not listed or assessed in the 9<sup>th</sup> Report on Carcinogens (NTP 2001)